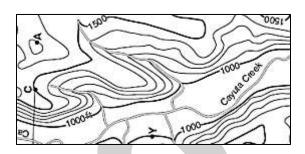
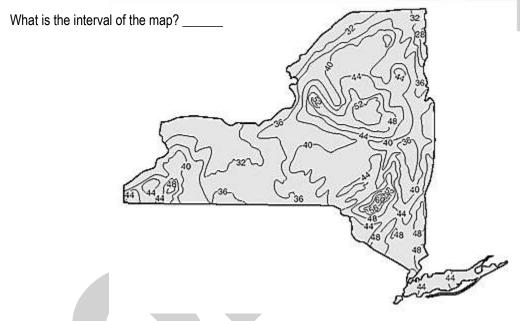
Field Maps and Isolines Exam Review

Task 1: Finding the Contour Interval

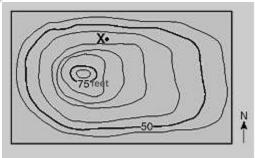
1. What is the interval of the map shown to the right? _____



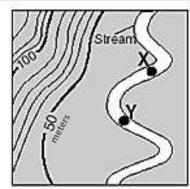
2. The map below shows the average yearly precipitation, in inches, across New York State.



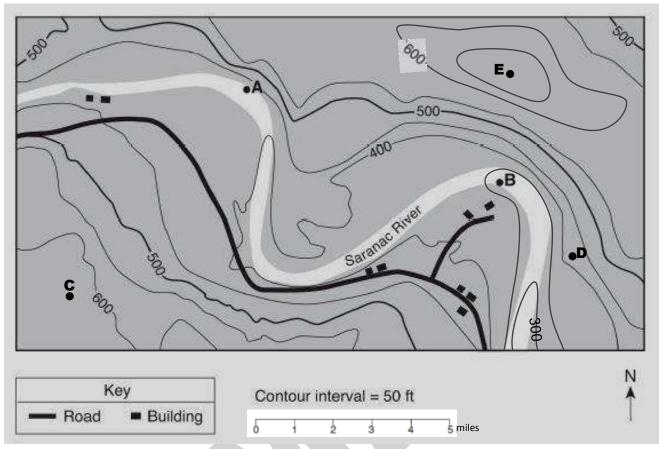
3. What is the interval of the map shown to the right?



4. What is the interval of the map shown to the right? _____



Task 2: Finding the Value of a Point on a Field Map



5. Circle the answer that best represents the elevation of each of the following points.

| Point A? | 400ft | 440ft | 450ft | 460ft |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Point B? | 400ft | 370ft | 350ft | 345ft |
| Point C? | 600ft | 700ft | 580ft | 630ft |
| Point D? | 420ft | 450ft | 470ft | 375ft |

6. What is the highest possible elevation of point E?

Task 3: Measuring Distances

Use the map on the top of the page to measure the distances between the following points:

7. B to D _____

8. B to E

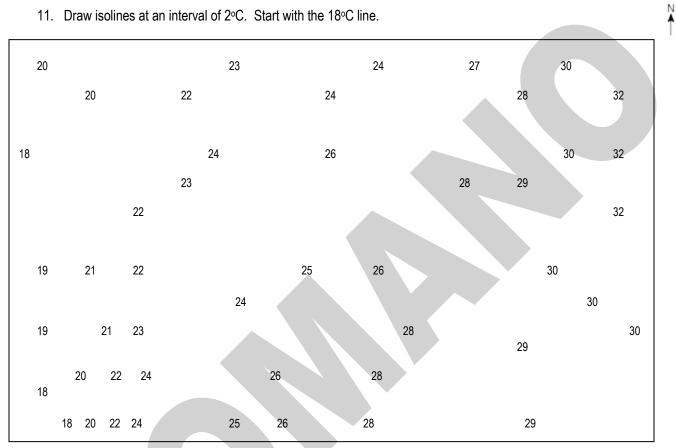
9. A to C

Task 4: Drawing Isolines

The map below represents temperatures of a field measured in degrees Celsius.

10. What is the name of the isolines that connect points of equal temperature? ___

11. Draw isolines at an interval of 2°C. Start with the 18°C line.



Task 5: Gradients: Greatest (Steepest) versus Least (Most Gradual)

Use the temperature field map above to answer the following questions:

12. The greatest temperature gradient is nearest to which part of the field? (give a compass direction)

13. The least temperature gradient is nearest to which part of the field? (give a compass direction)

Task 6: Calculating Gradient

14. The topographic map below shows the location of a stream. Points *A* and *B* are locations on Earth's surface.

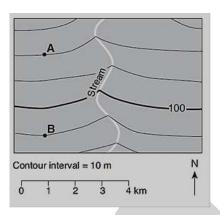
What is the gradient between points A and B?

(1) 1 m/km

(3) 10 m/km

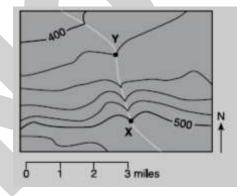
(2) 2 m/km

(4) 20 m/km



15. The topographic map below shows a stream crossing several contour lines and passing through points *X* and *Y*. Elevations are measured in feet. What is the approximate gradient between point *X* and point *Y*?

Write the formula, substitute data, and solve with correct units



Task 7: Determining the Direction a River Flows

16. How do elevation values help determine the direction of the flow of water in a river?

17. How does the shape of the contour lines crossing a river indicate its direction of flow?

18. Referring back to **guestion 14** at the top of the page, which direction is the stream flowing?

(1) west to east

(3) north to south

(2) east to west

(4) south to north

19. Referring back to **question 15** at the top of the page, toward which direction is the stream flowing?

(1) east

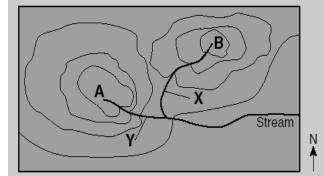
(3) north

(2) west

(4) south

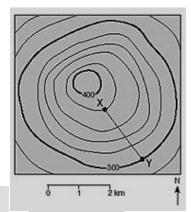
20. In the diagram to the right, toward which direction is River X flowing?

21. In the diagram to the right, toward which direction is River Y flowing?

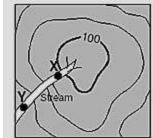


Task 8: Hills versus Depressions

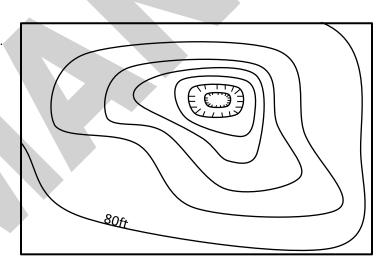
- 22. What is the contour interval of the map to the right? _____ meters
- 23. What is the highest possible elevation of the hill to the right?



24. If the interval of the map to the right is 50 meters, what is the highest possible elevation of the hill?

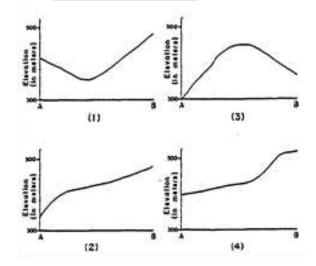


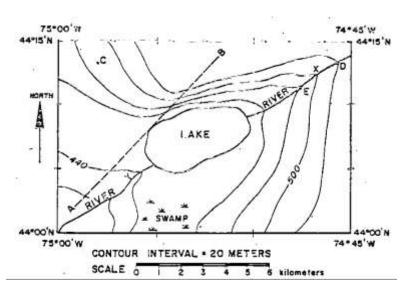
25. The contour interval of the map to the right is 20 feet.
One of the lines has already been labeled,
Label the rest of the lines with the appropriate value.



Task 9: Interpreting Topographic Profiles

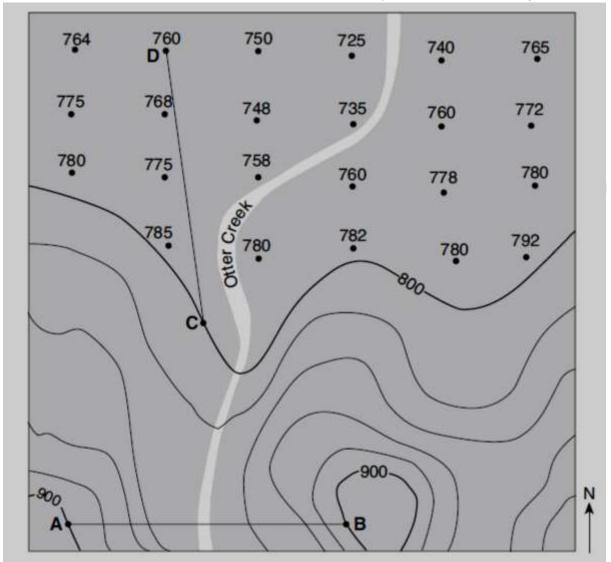
26. Which of the following pictures best represents the landscape between points A and B?





Task 10: Drawing a Topographic Profile

27. Draw contour lines for the 780-ft, 760-ft, and 740-ft elevations. Extend your contour lines to the edges of the map.



28. On the grid below, construct a topographic profile along line *A-B* by plotting the elevation of *each* contour line that crosses line *A-B*. Connect the plots with a line to complete the profile.

