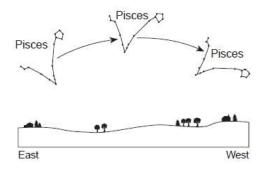
Altitude, Azimuth, and Apparent Motion of Celestial Objects

1. The constellation Pisces changes position during a night, as shown in the diagram below.

Which motion is mainly responsible for this change in position?

- (1) revolution of Earth around the Sun
- (2) rotation of Earth on its axis
- (3) revolution of Pisces around the Sun
- (4) rotation of Pisces on its axis



- 2. Because the Earth rotates, the Sun and other stars appear to
 - (1) rise in the east and set in the west
 - (2) rise in the west and set in the east
 - (3) rise in the south and set in the north
 - (4) rise in the north and set in the south
- 3. A person in New York State observes a star that is due east and just above the horizon. During the next hour, the distance between the star and the horizon will appear to
 - (1) decrease

(2) increase

(3) remain the same

Use the diagram to the right to answer questions 4-7.

- 4. For which path is the altitude of the noon Sun 74 °?
 - (1) A-A'

(3) C-C'

(2) B-B'

- (4) D-D'
- 5. How many degrees does the altitude of the Sun change from December 21 to June 21?
 - (1) 43°

(3) 66 ½°

(2) 47°

- (4) 74°
- 6. Which statement best explains the apparent daily motion of the Sun?
 - (1) The Earth's orbit is an ellipse.
 - (2) The Earth's shape is an oblate spheroid.
 - (3) The Earth is closest to the Sun in winter.
 - (4) The Earth rotates on its axis.
- 7. What is the azimuth of sunrise on December 21st?
 - (1) east

- (3) southeast
- (2) northeast
- (4) southwest

